

# Securing Your IoT Applications and how to mitigate emerging IoT attacks

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#### **Agenda**



**IoT Threats** 



Seven Layers of IoT Security



**IoT Use Cases** 

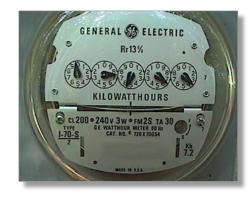


**Summary** 

#### **Innovation and Technology Transformation**









**TRANSPORTATION** 



**MANUFACTURING** 



**UTILITIES** 

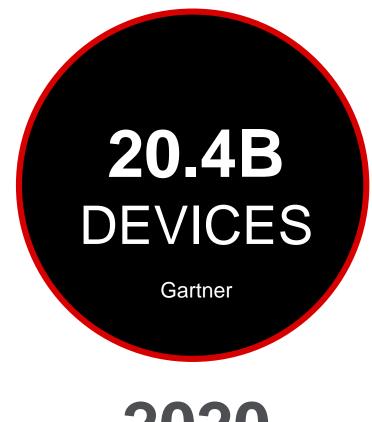


**AGRICULTURE** 



#### **IoT Growth Predictions – Gartner**





2020

#### **IoT Growth Predictions – IDC**





\*Excludes smartphones, tablets, and computers

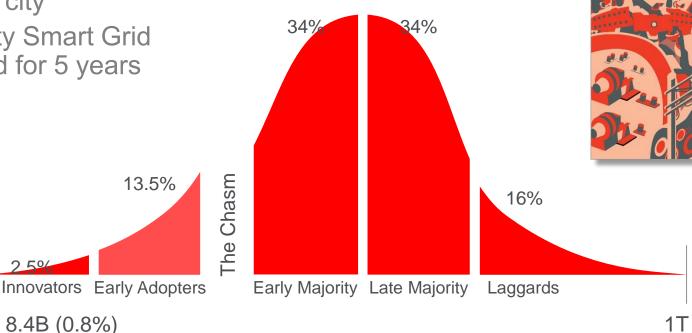
#### IoT Growth Predictions – SoftBank





#### **Market Adoption?**

- 50% of global population is online
  - Home IoT still early adoption
- Smart cities still early adoption
  - One or two sub-systems deployed per city
  - One major city Smart Grid project stalled for 5 years

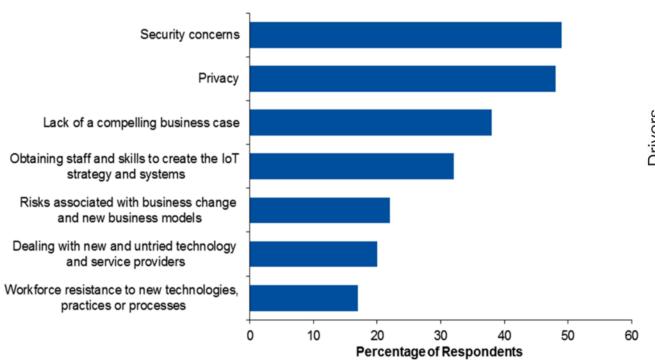


# **IOT THREATS**

#### IoT Adoption – Importance of Security

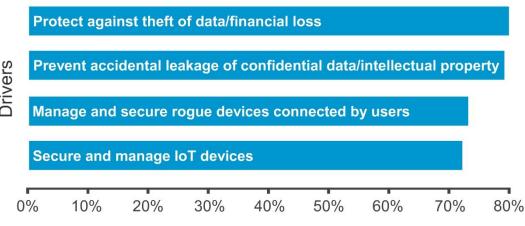
#### Enterprises:

What are the key inhibitors to IoT adoption?



#### **Enterprises:**

Which factors drive your decision to purchase security solutions for mobile and IoT devices?



Percent of Respondents Rating Reason Strong to Primary

Source: Gartner Source: Infonetics Research

#### **Typical IoT Attack Path**

1 RECON

2 BUILD 3 ATTACK!

Plethora of options depending on the device/s infected

Scan for telnet and/or known vulnerabilities

Brute force, stuff creds, or exploit vulnerabilities

Same admin creds across all devices

Install malware

Auto build thingbot

- DDoS
- Banking trojans
- PDoS, physical
- Mine cryptocurrency
- MiTM, data theft
- Things compromised
- Resource depletion
- Battery depletion

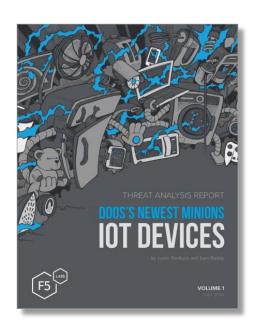
- Spy, surveillance
- Credential stuffing
- DNS redirect
  - Ransomware
- Spam relay
  - Protocol abuse
- Cipher aging

- Darknet/s
- Tor networks
- Click, ad fraud
- Political hacking
- Cyber warfare
- Poisoning data
- False data input

#### Thingbots Have Been Hiding In Plain Sight



#### The Hunt for IoT Research Evolution



DDoS's Newest Minions: IoT Devices

 Telnet brute force attacks compromise "things" that launch damaging DDoS attacks



Building Death Star-sized Botnets from IoT Minions

- Hunt for IoT is exponentially increasing
- Published networks behind the attacks



The Rise of Thingbots

- Profiling thingbots, the attacker infrastructure of the future
- New thingbots being developed based on source traffic industry



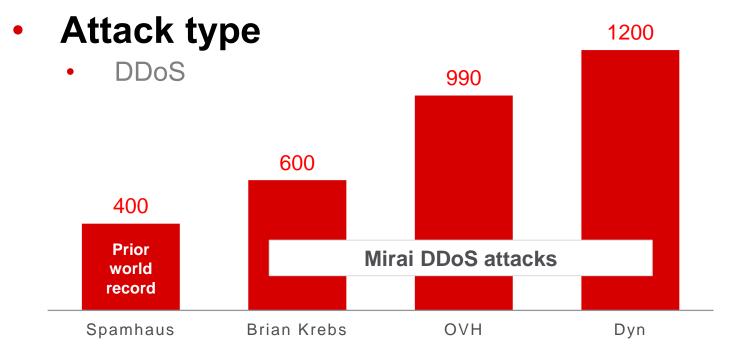
The Growth and Evolution of Thingbots Ensures Chaos

- Attackers evolving methods
- No slowing down thingbots
- Published attacking IPs

#### **IoT Compromises Are Common**

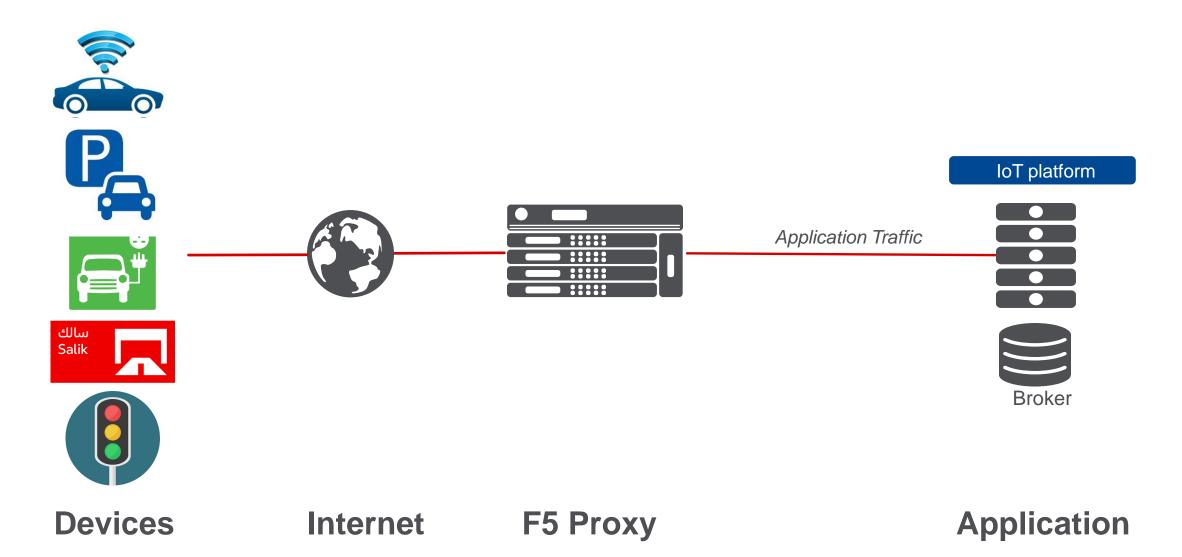


- Mirai
- IoT devices
  - DVR, IP cameras, and wireless routers

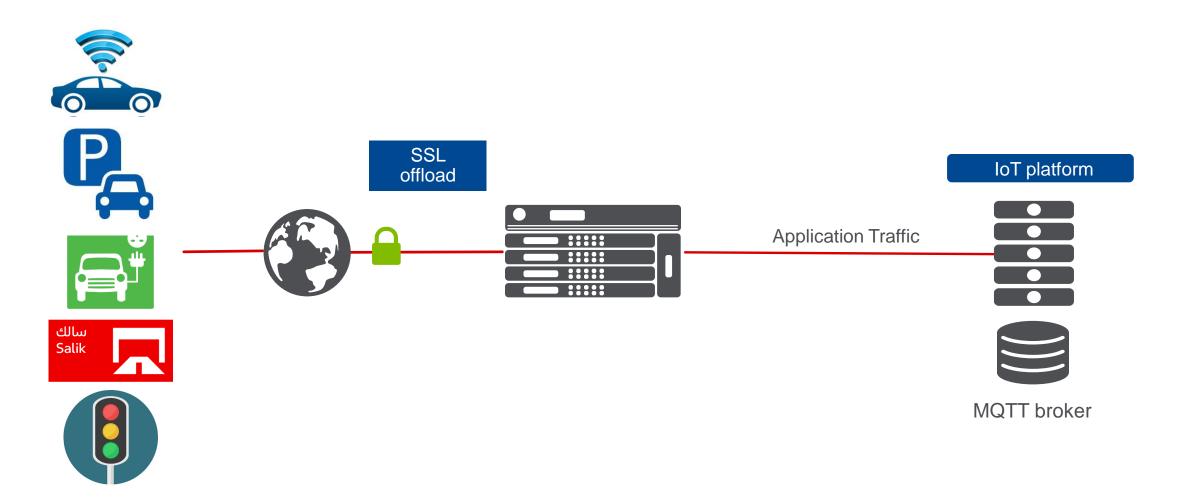


# SEVEN LAYERS OF IOT SECURITY

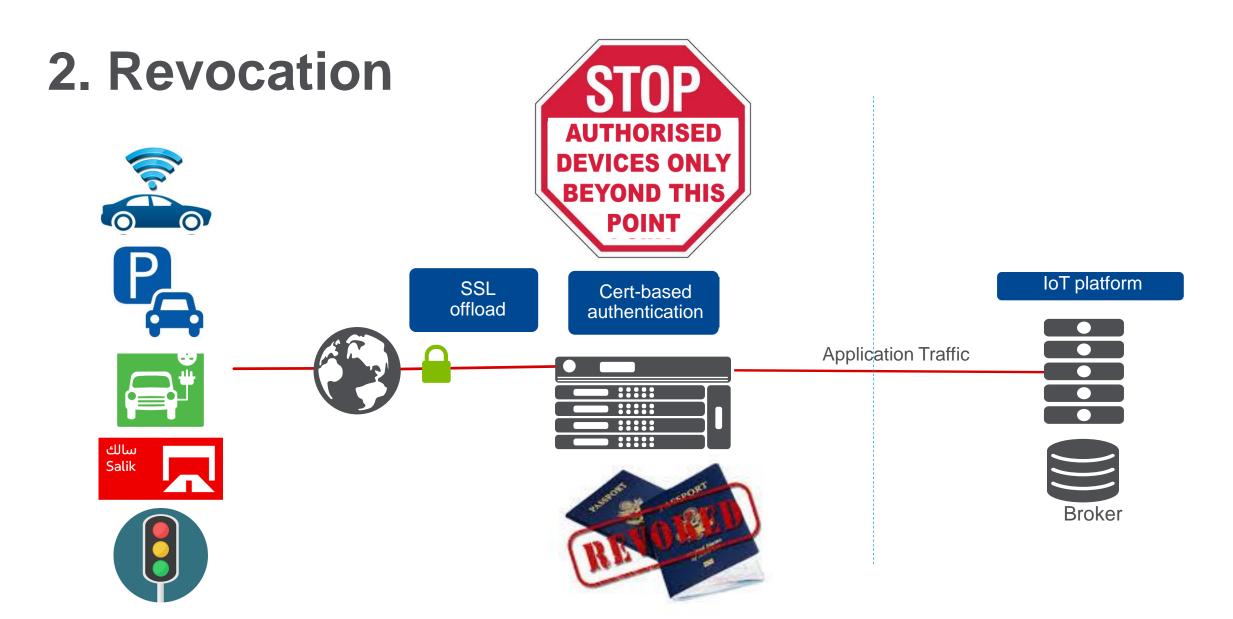
#### **Seven Layers of IoT Security**



#### 1. Transport



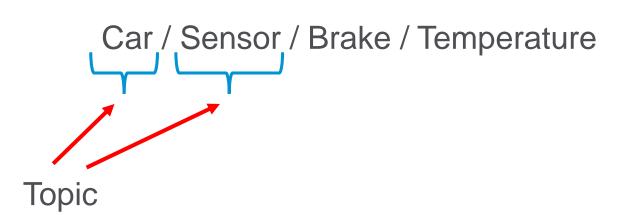
SSL everywhere, avoid man in the middle



Manage devices – Good / bad / expired / compromised devices

#### 3. Inspection

Field Name	Value Selection			
Туре	Standard			
Service port	Either type or select MQTT service port			
Configuration	Advanced			
Protocol	TCP			
MQTT	Click to enable MQTT			





Stats

Levels

Inspect and Enforce – Device topics – what do you allowed to see

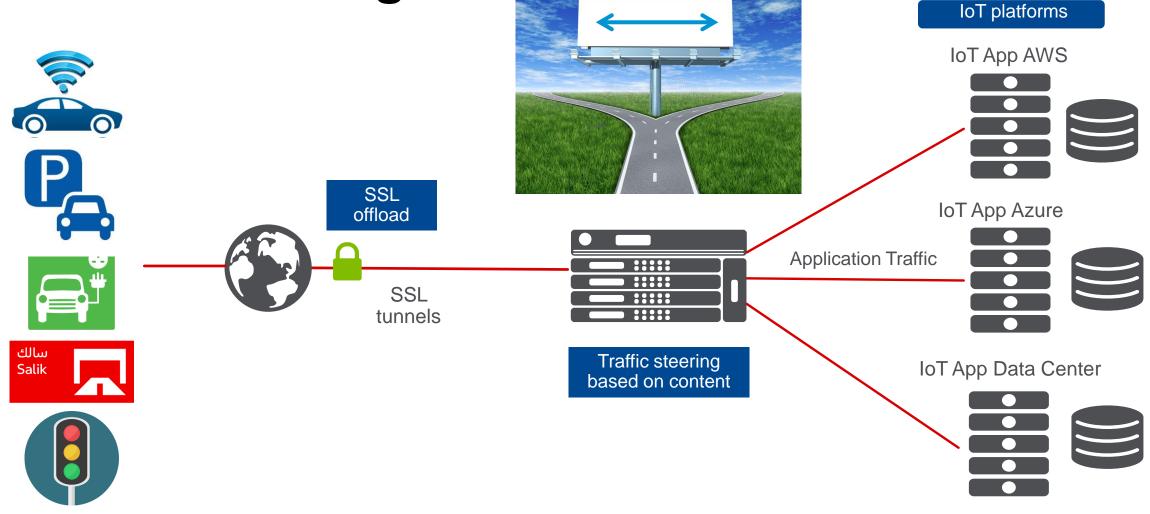
Diagnostics

Stress

Temp

Monitor

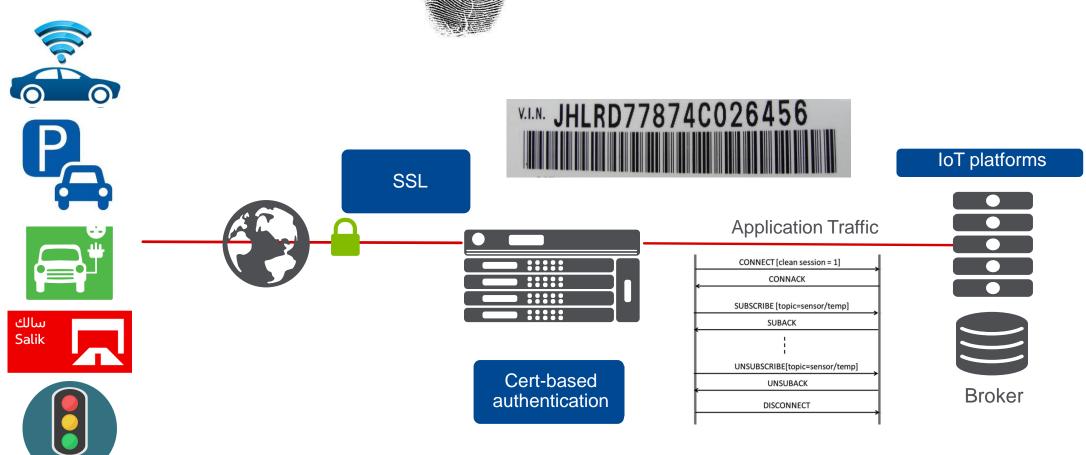
#### 4. Traffic Steering



Traffic steering to cloud, on-premises, hybrid, multi-cloud

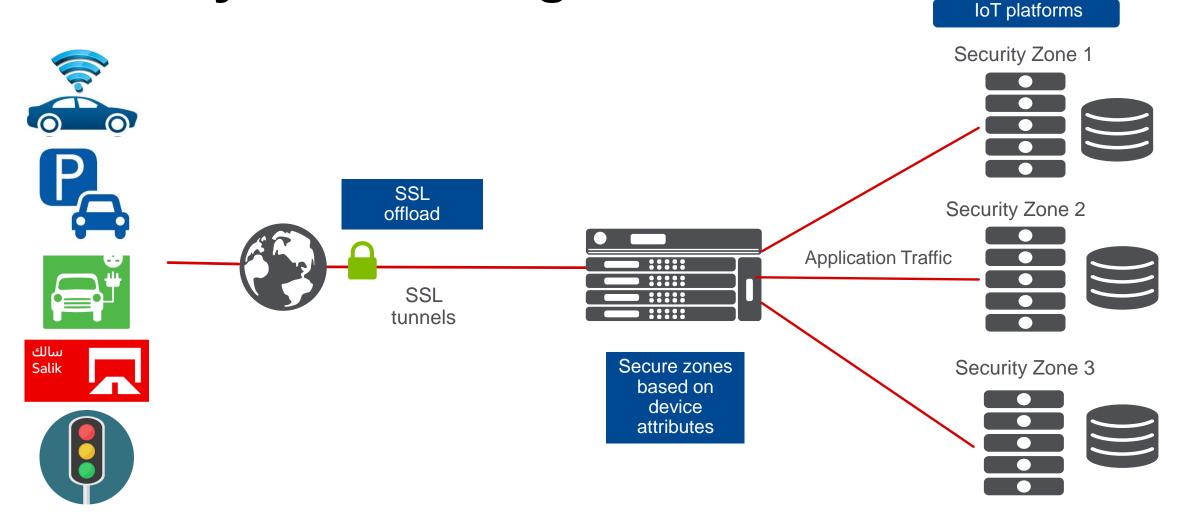
#### 5. Authentication





Do not rely on passwords: Use common name from the certificate in the headers to authenticate to the backend IoT application

#### 6. Security Zone Management



Agility to create different security zones, per group of devices or types of devices

#### 7. IoT Language (Protocols)

Verticals	MQTT	CoAP	AMQP	XMPP	HTTP	HTTP 2.0	WebSkt	LWM2M
Manufacturing Factories, Mining								
Utilities Energy								
Smart Spaces Home, Building, City								
Transportation Cars, Public Transit								
Platform Providers Cloud, Service, Integration								

MQTT – Message Queuing Telemetry Transport

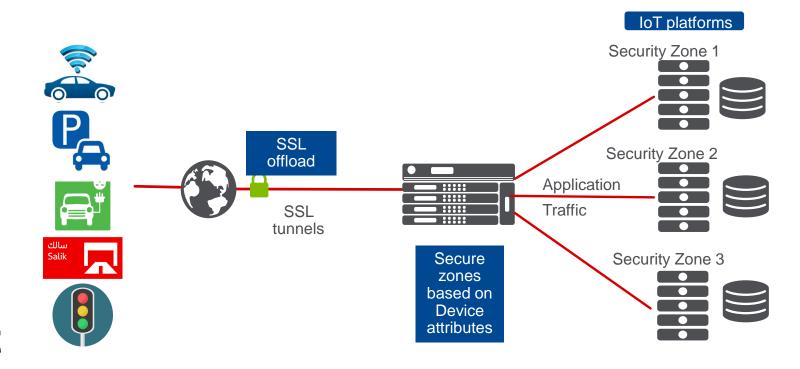
CoAP – Constrained Application Protocol

XMPP – Extensible Messaging and Presence Protocol

AMQP - Advanced Message Queuing Protocol

#### Seven Layers of IoT security

- Transport
- Revocation
- Inspection
- Traffic steering
- Authentication
- Zone Management
- Protocol



... all of this makes up an IoT Firewall for your IoT applications and services

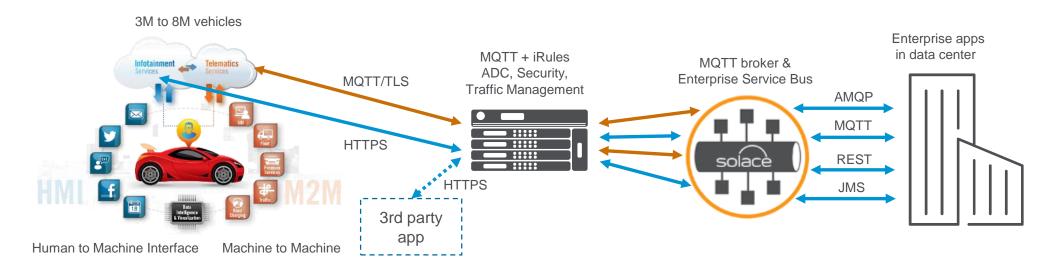
# IOT USE CASES

#### **Transportation**

#### **Connected cars**

- Secure data transport to car
- Revocation of car
- Long term cipher management
- Car segmentation (class, models)

- Scaling brokers
- Broker protection
- Availability, failover, recovery

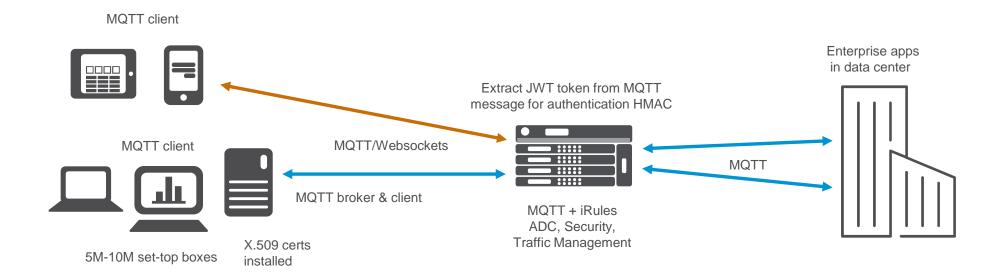


#### **Smart Entertainment**

#### **Connected box**

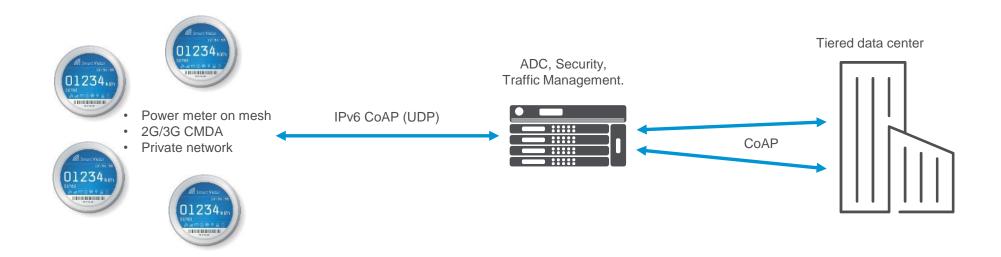
- Certificate management OCSP / HMAC
- MQTT traffic steering
- Management of set top boxes and client devices
- MQTT for maximum efficiency

- New and existing set top boxes
- Quality of service for customers
- Scale globally
- MQTT over Websockets



# **Utilities**Power meters

- Millions of smart meters
- Energy efficiency the key driver
- Gas, electricity, and water meters
- Software, hub, and meter provider

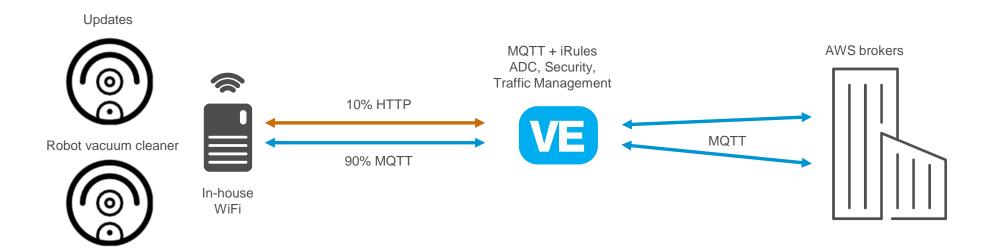


#### Manufacturing

#### **Vacuum cleaners**

- Scale How many
- Secure transport and broker authentication

- Broker security
- HTTP and MQTT
- Maintenance, servicing, lifespan

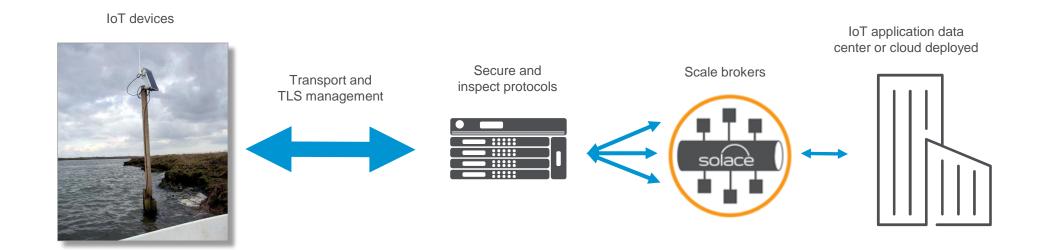


#### **Environmental**

#### Secured IoT

- Certificate or token checking / revocation
- Water temperature limits

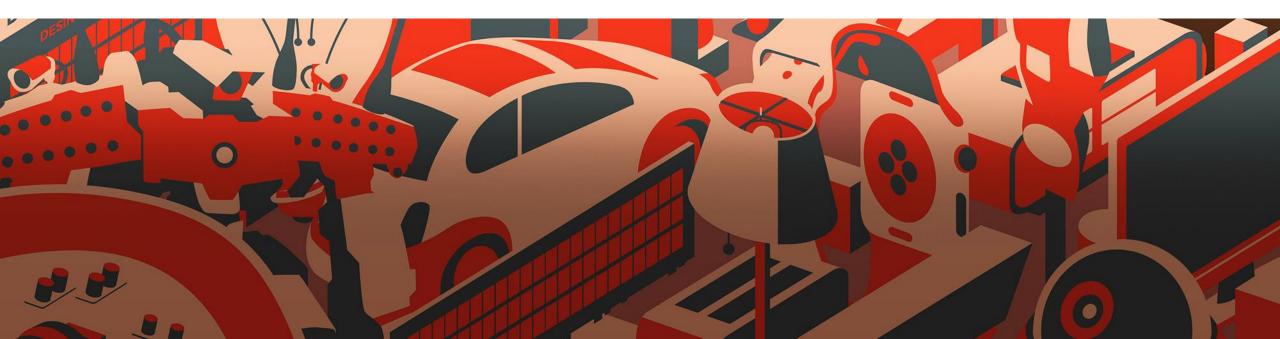
- Cyclic learning day and night
- Sensor reputation
- Logging on lost sensors



### SUMMARY

#### How to Secure Your IoT Applications

- Your project, Your application, Your business
- Plan ahead Architect in or architect after
- Best practice Seven layers of IoT security



#### WE MAKE APPS

